

# Sommaire

## Now I can ...

### ■ talk about places in a town or city

<i>Notre-Dame, c'est une cathédrale.</i>	Notre-Dame is a cathedral.
<i>Le Louvre, c'est un musée.</i>	The Louvre is a museum.
<i>au milieu de</i>	in the middle of
<i>une avenue</i>	avenue
<i>une cathédrale</i>	cathedral
<i>célèbre</i>	famous
<i>un centre commercial</i>	shopping centre
<i>une colline</i>	hill
<i>une église</i>	church
<i>un fleuve</i>	river (flowing into the sea)
<i>un funiculaire</i>	funicular railway
<i>un grand magasin</i>	department store
<i>une île</i>	island
<i>un jardin public</i>	public gardens, park
<i>un marché</i>	market
<i>un monument</i>	monument
<i>un musée</i>	museum
<i>une place square</i>	
<i>un quartier district</i>	
<i>situé(e)</i>	situated
<i>se trouver</i>	to be situated

### ■ understand information in tourist materials

<i>ouvert(e)</i>	open
<i>fermé(e)</i>	closed
<i>sauf(s)</i>	except
<i>tous les jours(tlj)</i>	every day
<i>un jour férié</i>	public holiday

### ■ say what the weather was like

<i>il a fait beau</i>	it was fine
<i>chaud</i>	hot
<i>froid</i>	cold
<i>mauvais</i>	bad (weather)
<i>il y a eu du soleil</i>	it was sunny
<i>du brouillard</i>	foggy
<i>du vent</i>	windy
<i>il a plu</i>	it rained
<i>il a neigé</i>	it snowed

### ■ travel by metro

<i>Pour la tour Eiffel, c'est quelle station?</i>	What station is it for the Eiffel Tower?
<i>Pour Bir-Hakeim, c'est quelle direction?</i>	What direction is it for Bir-Hakeim?
<i>Est-ce qu'il faut changer?</i>	Do I have to change?
<i>Prenez la direction ...</i>	Go towards ...
<i>Changez à Trocadéro.</i>	Change at Trocadéro.
<i>Excusez-moi, je descends ici.</i>	Excuse me, I'm getting off here.
<i>Direction Nation, c'est par où, s'il vous plaît?</i>	Where do I get the train for Nation, please?
<i>C'est par là.</i>	Over there.
<i>un carnet</i>	book of tickets
<i>un panneau</i>	sign

<i>la sortie</i>	exit
<i>la station de correspondance</i>	interchange, connecting station
<i>une station de métro</i>	metro station
<i>un tarif unique</i>	flat-rate fare
<i>un ticket</i>	ticket

### ■ describe what I did, etc. using the perfect tense with avoir

<i>J'ai visité ...</i>	I visited ...
<i>On a pris ...</i>	We took ...
<i>Nous avons vu ...</i>	We saw ...
<i>J'ai acheté ...</i>	I bought ... (see also page 29)

### ■ with être

<i>Je suis allé(e) à ...</i>	I went to ...
<i>On est montés ...</i>	We went up ...
<i>Nous sommes entré(e)s ...</i>	We went into ...
<i>Le train est parti ...</i>	The train left ... (see also page 30)

### ■ use expressions of past time

#### ■ talk or write about a place I have visited recently

<i>Hier / Samedi / La semaine dernière ...</i>	Yesterday / On Saturday / Last week ...
<i>On a visité ...</i>	We visited ...
<i>On a voyagé en ...</i>	We travelled by ...
<i>L'après-midi, on ...</i>	In the afternoon we ...
<i>Nous sommes restés là tout l'après-midi.</i>	We stayed there all afternoon.
<i>C'était (très / assez / pas) ...</i>	It was (very / quite / not) ...
<i>bien / intéressant / amusant / ennuyeux / fatigant / génial / affreux / horrible / nul</i>	good / interesting / enjoyable / boring / tiring / great / terrible / awful / rubbish
<i>Nous sommes rentrés à ...</i>	We came back at ...
<i>J'ai horreur de ... / Je déteste / hate ...</i>	

#### ■ ask and answer questions about what I did or what happened

<i>As-tu passé un bon weekend?</i>	Did you have a good weekend?
<i>Où es-tu allé(e)?</i>	Where did you go?
<i>Je suis allé(e) ...</i>	I went ...
<i>Qu'est-ce que tu as fait?</i>	What did you do?
<i>Tu as aimé?</i>	Did you like / enjoy it?
<i>Oui / Non, c'était ...</i>	Yes / No, it was ...
<i>Pierre, a-t-il visité le Louvre?</i>	Has Pierre visited the Louvre?

#### ■ use the perfect tense in the negative

<i>Je n'ai pas visité le Louvre.</i>	I didn't visit the Louvre.
<i>Nous ne sommes pas rentrés avant minuit.</i>	We didn't get back before midnight.
<i>Qu'est-ce que tu n'as pas aimé?</i>	What didn't you like?